



Annual Security Report

October 1, 2017

LCC Safety and Security Information

Lansing Community College (“LCC” or the “College”), in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (also referred to as the “Clery Act”), has published this document to provide its students and employees with an overview of the College’s resources, policies, and procedures regarding campus safety and reporting crime that occurs on or near the LCC campus. These policies and procedures may be subject to change at any time.

A hard copy of this document may be obtained by contacting the LCC Police Department (“LCC PD”) at 517-483-1800, or in person in the Gannon Building, Room 2110, on the Main Campus in Lansing, Michigan.

The College also reports the annual crime statistics contained in this report to the U.S. Department of Education. A searchable database containing those statistics can be found at: ope.ed.gov/campussafety/.

As part of Clery Act Compliance, LCC PD maintains a crime log, which documents the previous 60 days of criminal reports. A copy of the crime log can be viewed at: http://www.lcc.edu/police/crime_information/crimelog.pdf. A paper copy can be obtained upon request in the Gannon Building, Room 2110, on the Main Campus in Lansing, Michigan.

I. Policy Statements

A. Timely Warning

In the event that a situation arises, either on or near LCC’s campus, that in the judgment of the LCC PD or its designee constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat, a “timely warning” notification will be issued. Various methods will be used to communicate with students, faculty, staff and visitors.

Upon confirmation that a timely warning is necessary, LCC will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, draft and distribute the notification, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of the responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The President’s Office will determine what communication must be distributed to whom and initiate that communication.

LCC has various systems in place for communicating information to the campus community quickly. Some of these methods of communication may be activated in the event of an immediate threat to the LCC campus community. These methods include the LCC Emergency Star Alert System (text, phone, and email), public address system, and fire alarms. LCC may post and provide updates during a critical incident on the College website.

B. Emergency Notification

An emergency notification must be performed for any criminal event, weather event, or other incident that LCC becomes aware of that may represent a serious threat to students and employees.

To report a crime or emergency on any LCC property/facility, call LCC PD at 517-483-1800 or 911 from any campus telephone (landline). Dialing 911 from a cellular

telephone or non-campus phone will be sent to the local 911 dispatch center, which will then contact LCC PD.

LCC PD and the LCC Emergency Management Safety Services (EMSS) department monitor the National Weather Service and receive weather emergency notification through that system.

When the LCC PD and/or LCC EMSS are notified of situations that rise to the level of an emergency, the following steps will be put into action by the appropriate decision maker:

1. LCC PD Dispatchers will dispatch police officers immediately.
2. LCC PD Dispatchers will perform an "ALL PAGE" notification through the campuswide public address system. For smaller scale emergencies, a notification can be targeted to the affected building. Directions to evacuate or shelter in place may be given at this time.
3. LCC PD Dispatcher will notify EMSS if they are not already aware of the situation.
4. EMSS can send out an alert through the Star Emergency Alert System which covers text messages to cellular telephones and emails of students and employees.
5. LCC PD Supervisors and/or EMSS will have the notification posted on the College Website and possibly the College's social media sites as well.
6. If notification needs to be made outside the LCC community, communication can be made to proper departments via LCC PD, EMSS, or LCC Public Relations depending on which is appropriate.

LCC EMSS tests the Star Emergency Alert system on a monthly basis and test messages to all subscribers are sent out on an annual basis. Documentation of these tests are maintained by EMSS within the alert system.

C. Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

LCC PD prepares this report in compliance with the Clery Act. The full text of this report is available on our website at: http://www.lcc.edu/police/campus_safety/. You can also connect to our website through our home page www.lcc.edu. Further LCC PD crime statistics can be found at: http://www.lcc.edu/police/crime_information/. This report is prepared in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies that surround our properties, the Office of Student Compliance, and other Campus Security Authorities (CSA's) where crimes can be reported.

Campus crime, arrest, and referral statistics include those reported to LCC PD, designated campus officials, (including, but not limited to, Deans, Associate Deans, Department heads, Athletic Director, the Office of Student Compliance, Student Life, counselors, advisors, and Success Coaches), and local law enforcement agencies, and those that occur on LCC's campus, on public property adjacent to and accessible from LCC's campus, and certain non-campus property. LCC Counselors inform their clients of the procedures to report a crime to LCC PD on a voluntary or anonymous basis, should they feel it is in the best interest of the client/student. A procedure/practice is in place to anonymously capture crime statistics disclosed confidentially during such a session.

Each year, by the first of October, all students, faculty, and staff receive an email notification that the annual security report is available. Notice of the availability of the report is provided on an ongoing basis to prospective students and employees when they receive information regarding enrollment or employment at LCC. Copies of the report may also be obtained at LCC PD office located at Gannon Building, Room 2110 on the Main Campus in Lansing, Michigan.

D. Reporting a Crime on Campus

Community members, students, faculty, staff, and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to LCC PD or appropriate law enforcement agency in a timely manner, even when the victim elects not to or is unable (physically or mentally) to make such a report. Any suspicious activity should be reported to the LCC PD immediately.

To report a crime or emergency on any LCC property/facility, call LCC PD at 517- 483-1800 or dial 911 from any campus telephone (landline). Dialing 911 from a cellular telephone or non-campus phone will be sent to the local 911 dispatch center who will contact LCC PD. To report any non-emergency security or public safety matter, please contact LCC PD at 517-483-1800.

Dispatchers are available at the above numbers 24 hours per day, seven days per week, and 365 days per year to answer all calls. When responding to a call, LCC PD will take the required/appropriate action, such as dispatching an officer or asking the victim to report to the LCC PD office to file an incident report.

All LCC PD reports involving students are forwarded to the Office of Student Compliance for review and potential action. LCC PD officers will investigate a report when it is deemed appropriate. Additional information obtained via the investigation will also be forwarded to the Office of Student Compliance.

If the assistance of local law enforcement, fire, or EMSS services is needed, LCC PD will contact the appropriate unit. If a sexual assault should occur, staff on scene, including LCC PD, will inform the victim of available support services. LCC has crisis counselors on staff for students, as well as a contract with FEI Behavioral Services for employees, all of whom are available to provide assistance to the victim.

This report contains information about on-campus and off campus resources and is made available to provide the LCC community members with specific information about the resources that are available in the event that they become the victim of a crime. The information about resources is not provided to infer that those resources are reporting entities for LCC.

Crimes should be reported to the LCC PD to ensure inclusion in the annual crime statistics and to aid in providing timely warning notices to the community when appropriate.

1. Encouragement of Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting

Community members, students, faculty, staff, and guests are encouraged to report all crimes and public safety related incidents to LCC PD in a timely manner.

To report a crime or emergency on any LCC property/facility, call LCC PD at 517-

483-1800 or dial 911 from any campus telephone. Dialing 911 from a cellular telephone or non-campus phone will be sent to the local 911 dispatch center who will contact LCC PD. To report any non-emergency security or public safety matter, please call LCC PD at 517- 483-1800.

2. List of Campus Security Authorities

Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) are individuals to whom students and staff may also report potential criminal activities or issues on campus. A crime that occurred on or around College property may be reported to any of the following individuals:

- a.** Dean of Students, 517-483-1162
- b.** Director of Student Compliance, 517-483-9632
- c.** Student Life Office, 517-483-1285
- d.** Counselors, 517-483-1924
- e.** Athletic Director, 517-483-1610
- f.** Dean of Arts and Sciences, 517-483-1010
- g.** Dean of Health and Human Services, 517-483-1210
- h.** Dean of Technical Careers, 517-483-1319
- i.** Director of Early College, 517-483-9694
- j.** Director of High School Completion Initiative, 517-483-9707
- k.** Academic Success Coach Director, 517-483-1028
- l.** Human Resources, 517-483-1870

3. Limited Confidential Reporting (Criminal Acts)

LCC PD encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the police. Because police reports are public records under state law, LCC PD cannot hold reports of crime in confidence. However, the victim and witness information will not be entered into the report and will remain confidential. Confidential reports for the purpose of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics can generally be made to LCC CSAs as identified above in section 2.

The purpose of the limited confidential report is to maintain confidentiality, while taking steps to ensure the future safety of those involved in the reporting. With such information, the College can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

4. Counselors and Confidential Crime Reporting

The Clery regulations clarify those considered to be Campus Security Authorities. Campus "Pastoral Counselors" and Campus "Professional Counselors," when acting as such are not considered to be Campus Security Authorities and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

As a matter of LCC policy, Pastoral and Professional Counselors are encouraged (if and when they deem it appropriate) to inform persons being counseled of the procedures to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion into the annual crime statistics.

The Clery Regulations define "counselors" as the following:

a. Pastoral Counselor

An employee of an institution, who is associated with a religious order or denomination, recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and who is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor. Currently, LCC does not have any pastoral counselors.

b. Professional Counselor

An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. LCC Counselors that fall under this description are housed within the Center for Student Support Department.

E. Security and Access to Campus Facilities

During business hours, most LCC buildings and facilities will be open to students, parents, employees, contractors, guests, and invitees. During non-business hours, access to all College facilities is by key, if issued, or by admittance by the LCC PD. In the case of extended closing, only employees with specific access to buildings with access readers (as authorized by designation on their StarCard) will be allowed access.

LCC PD works on a continuous improvement philosophy and reviews its policies and procedures for the safety and security of the College. LCC PD has had security reviews done in the past by outside consultants/law enforcement agencies and will continue to have them done in the future.

On an annual basis, the College's campus/facilities master plan is reviewed and revised with significant attention paid to the security of the students, employees, visitors, facilities, and grounds. In addition, health and safety maintenance work orders are given the highest priority by maintenance staff.

F. LCC Police Department Authority

LCC PD police officers have complete police authority to apprehend and arrest anyone involved in illegal acts on campus or around campus. LCC PD police officers are given sworn officer powers through the LCC President and Board of Trustees and are deputized by the Ingham and Eaton County Sheriffs. If criminal and/or Student Code of Conduct violations are committed by a student, LCC PD may also refer the individual to the Office

of Student Compliance.

Major offenses, such as, but not limited to, rape, murder, and robbery, are handled by LCC PD, unless mutual aid is requested by LCC PD from the local agency. The prosecution of all criminal offenses, both felony and misdemeanor, are conducted through the appropriate County Prosecutor's Office or City Attorney, depending on the jurisdiction and/or the crime involved.

LCC PD works closely with local, state, and federal agencies and has direct radio communication with all law enforcement agencies in the Tri-County Area (Ingham, Eaton and Clinton Counties) via a tri-county radio system.

LCC PD has access to the NLETS (National Law Enforcement Telecommunications Network) and LEIN (Law Enforcement Information Network) systems through the Lansing Police Department. These computer databases are used for accessing criminal history data, nationwide police records, driver/vehicle identification information, as well as other local, state, and federal law enforcement information.

Through coordination with local law enforcement agencies, criminal activity engaged in by students at off-campus events or locations is monitored and recorded. This information is provided to the Office of Student Compliance for any follow-up that may be required. LCC PD currently has no MOUs with any other law enforcement agency.

Meetings are held with local law enforcement agencies on a formal and informal basis as needed. LCC PD and these agencies communicate on an as-needed basis or concerning incidents that affect the College. LCC PD works closely with these agencies when LCC PD requests assistance.

In addition to sworn police officers, LCC has campus security officers called cadet officers. These cadet officers have no more arrest authority than an ordinary citizen, but they patrol campuses and have direct interaction with students, employees, and visitors. Per LCC PD policy, cadet officers are to report incidents to a sworn police officer and only act upon orders from a sworn police officer.

G. Criminal Activity Off Campus

When an LCC student is involved in an off-campus offense, police officers may assist with the investigation in cooperation with local, state, or federal law enforcement.

LCC officers work and communicate with the Lansing Police Department and other agencies in close proximity to LCC campuses on any serious incident that occurs on campus or in the immediate neighborhood and business areas surrounding campus. LCC does not operate any housing on or off campus. However, some students and staff live and park in the area around campus. While Lansing Police Department has the primary jurisdiction over all areas surrounding LCC's campus, LCC police officers can and do respond to calls concerning incidents that are in close proximity to campus. LCC officers have direct radio communications with the city police and fire department to facilitate rapid response to any emergency situation.

H. Crime Log

LCC PD maintains a crime log, which documents the previous 60 days of criminal reports. A copy of the crime log can be viewed 24/7 at http://www.lcc.edu/police/crime_information/log.txt. A paper copy can be obtained upon

request in the Gannon Building, Room 2110, on the Main Campus in Lansing, Michigan.

I. Security Awareness and Crime Prevention Program

The LCC PD offers educational presentations addressing safety, security, and crime prevention. Presentations can be made to any campus group upon request. Workplace Violence and Active Shooter Training is also available through the Learning Management System Safety (for employees). Security and crime prevention information is sent periodically via email to LCC employees and students, and pamphlets and other materials are available in hard copy at either the Downtown Campus or the West Campus LCC PD offices.

There are several programs and services offered to assist students and employees. LCC PD also periodically offers Rape/Aggression Defense (RAD) training at no cost for female College employees and students.

The college offers a smart phone application RAVE Guardian which allow students and staff to contact the LCC police in an emergency. For more information see the website <http://www.lcc.edu/police/rave/>.

To further support the College's security awareness and crime prevention efforts, LCC PD hands out free whistles to any students or staff, offers 24/7 cadet/police escort for any student or staff when requested, and has installed numerous cameras throughout the campuses in an effort to prevent crimes. Due to the large number of cameras, many but not all can be monitored in real time. All cameras are recording for historical purposes. In the event of an incident, cameras can and will be reviewed for any information that will aid in the investigation.

The LCC Emergency Procedure Manual also contains a section with safety, security, and crime prevention tips. The Emergency Procedure Manual may be downloaded in PDF format from:

<http://www.lcc.edu/police/publications/index.aspx>

J. Drugs and Alcohol on Campus Standards of Conduct

The Drug Free Schools and Campuses Regulations (34 CFR Part 86) of the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA) requires an institution of higher education such as Lansing Community College, to certify that it has implemented programs to prevent the abuse of alcohol and use and/or distribution of illicit drugs both by LCC students and employees both on its premises and as a part of any of its activities. At a minimum, an institute of higher education must annually distribute the following in writing to all students and employees:

Standards of conduct that clearly prohibit the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees;

A description of the legal sanctions under local, state, or federal law for the unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol;

A description of the health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and alcohol abuse;

A description of any drug or alcohol counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation or

reentry programs that are available to employees or students; and

A clear statement that the institution will impose sanctions on students and employees and a description of those sanctions, up to and including expulsion or termination of employment and referral for prosecution, for violations of the standards of conduct.

1. Standards of Conduct

a. Employees

The Lansing Community College Board of Trustees has adopted the "Drug Free Workplace Policy" (in accordance with the Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988) and "Standards of Conduct Policy" to ensure a safe environment for employees, contractors, and temporary workers. These policies are available here:

http://www.lcc.edu/policy/policies_4.aspx#DRUG_FREE_WORKPLACE

Employees are required to adhere to the requirements of these policies. Failure to adhere to these policies may result in disciplinary action as listed in Section V(A) below. The Executive Director of Human Resources is responsible for the administration of this policy.

b. Currently Enrolled Students

Currently enrolled students are required to abide by LCC's Student Code of Conduct. The current Code of Conduct is available here:

http://www.lcc.edu/catalog/policies_procedures/studentrulesguidelines.aspx

Per Article III(B)(11) & (12), the following acts are considered violations under the Code. The code expressly states:

"Use, possession, manufacturing, distribution, or being under the influence of marijuana, heroin, narcotics, or other controlled substances except as expressly permitted by federal law. Possession of drug paraphernalia is also prohibited on campus."

and

"Use, possession, manufacturing, distribution, or being under the influence of alcoholic beverages (except as expressly permitted by College regulations), or public intoxication. Alcoholic beverages may not, in any circumstance, be used by, possessed by or distributed to any person under twenty-one (21) years of age."

Failure to abide by the Student Code of Conduct may result in sanctions listed in Section V(B) below.

2. Legal Sanctions

a. Federal

Federal law provides criminal and civil penalties for unlawful possession or distribution of a controlled substance. Under the Controlled Substance Act⁷ as well as other related federal laws, the penalties for controlled substance violations include, but are not limited to, incarceration, fines, potential for the

forfeiture of property used in possession or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance (which may include homes, vehicles, boats, aircrafts and any other personal property), ineligibility to possess a firearm, and potential ineligibility to receive federal benefits (such as student loans and grants).

b. State

Under current Michigan state law, “a person shall not knowingly or intentionally possess a controlled substance.”² If an individual is found guilty of a violation of the state law, they may be subject to large fines and/or imprisonment.

A minor may not “purchase or attempt to purchase alcoholic liquor, consume or attempt to consume alcoholic liquor, possess or attempt to possess alcoholic liquor, or have any bodily alcohol content.”³ Violation of the law may subject a minor to fines, participation in a substance abuse program or treatment center, imprisonment, community service hours, and/or out of pocket expenses related to required substance abuse screenings.⁴

c. Local

The City of Lansing ordinances prohibits the “sale, consumption or possession of an alcoholic beverage in an open container.”⁵ Violations of the city ordinance may subject an individual to fines and costs, requirement to participate in alcohol and/or substance abuse treatment and may possibly result in a driver’s license suspension.

¹ 21 USC §801, *et seq.*

² MCL 333.7403, *et seq.*

³ MCL 436.1703, *et seq.*

⁴ MCL 436.1703, *et seq.*

3. Health Risks

a. Drug Abuse

The following sub-categories are the most frequently used drugs, listed with their associated risks, per the National Institute of Drug Abuse (NIDA).⁶

1) **Cannabinoids** (marijuana & hashish)

Known short-term risks include (but are not limited to) slowed reaction time, balance and coordination issues, increased heart rate, anxiety, panic attacks, and problems with learning and memory. Long-term risks include "mental health problems, chronic cough, [and] frequent respiratory infections."

Synthetic cannabinoids (K2/Spice) are associated with the following additional risks: vomiting, agitation, confusion, paranoia, and heart attack.

2) **Club Drugs** (MDMA [also known as: Ecstasy, Adam, clarity, Eve, lover's speed, peace uppers]; Flunitrazepam [also known as: Rohypnol, forget-me pill, Mexican Valium, R2, roach, Roche, roofies, roofinol, rope, rophies]; GHB [also known as G, Georgia home boy, grievous bodily harm, liquid ecstasy, soap, scoop, goop, liquid X])

Known short-term risks of *MDMA* (Ecstasy/Molly) include (but are not limited to) depression, sleep problems, increased heart rate and blood pressure, teeth clenching, chills or sweating, and "sharp rise in body temperature leading to liver, kidney, or heart failure and death." Long-term risks include confusion, depression, memory and sleep problems, aggression, and reduced interest in sexual activity.

Known short-term risks of *Flunitrazepam* include (but are not limited to) sedation, amnesia, impaired reaction time and coordination, impaired mental functioning, aggression, headache, and slowed breathing/heart rate.

Known short-term risks of *GHB* include (but are not limited to) confusion/memory loss, excited and aggressive behavior, nausea, unconsciousness, seizures, slowed heart rate/breathing, lower body temperature, coma, and death.

3) **Dissociative Drugs** (Ketamine [also known as Ketalar SV, cat Valium, K, Special K, vitamin K]; PCP and analogs [also known as angel dust, boat, hog, love boat, peace pill]; Salvia [also known as Shepherdess's herb, Maria Pastora, magic mint, Sally-D])

Known short-term risks of *Ketamine* include (but are not limited to) attention, memory, and learning issues, confusion, speech problems, immobility, and "slowed breathing that can lead to death." Long-term risks include kidney problems, stomach pain, ulcers, and depression.

Known short-term risks of *PCP* include (but are not limited to) delusions, paranoia, "a sense of distance from one's environment," anxiety, numbness of the hands and feet, movement problems, altered blood pressure and breathing rate, nausea, drooling, "violence, suicidal thoughts, seizures, coma,

and death." Long-term risks include memory loss, depression, speech and thinking problems, and anxiety.

Known short-term risks of *Salvia* include (but are not limited to) "altered visual perception, mood, [and] body sensations; mood swings; [and] feelings of detachment from one's body."

4) **Hallucinogens** (LSD [also known as acid, blotter, cubes, microdot yellow sunshine, blue heaven]; Mescaline [also known as Buttons, cactus, mesc, peyote]; Psilocybin [also known as: Magic mushrooms, purple passion, shrooms, little smoke])

Known short-term risks of *LSD* include (but are not limited to) rapid mood swings; inability to "recognize reality, think rationally, or communicate with others; raised blood pressure, heart rate, body temperature; dizziness or insomnia;" and weakness. Long-term risks include ongoing visual disturbances and frightening flashbacks, paranoia, and disorganized thinking.

Known short-term risks of *Mescaline* include (but are not limited to) anxiety; increased body temperature, heart rate, and blood pressure; and impaired movement.

Known short-term risks of *Psilocybin* include (but are not limited to) "altered perception of time, inability to tell fantasy from reality, panic, muscle relaxation or weakness, problems with movement," and vomiting. Long-term risks include memory problems and flashbacks.

5) **Inhalants** (Poppers, snappers, whippets, laughing gas [includes paint thinners or removers, degreasers, dry-cleaning fluids, gasoline, lighter fluids, correction fluids, permanent markers, electronics cleaners and freeze sprays, glue, spray paint, hair or deodorant sprays, fabric protector sprays, vegetable oil sprays, whipped cream aerosol containers, refrigerant gases] ether, chloroform, halothane, and nitrous oxide)

Known short-term risks include (but are not limited to) "confusion; nausea; slurred speech;" lightheadedness; hallucinations/delusions; "sudden sniffing death due to hear failure (from butane, propane, and other chemicals in aerosols); death from asphyxiation, suffocation, convulsions or seizures, coma, or choking." Long-term risks include "liver and kidney damage; bone marrow damage;" nerve damage; and brain damage.

⁵ Part 608.04, *et seq.*

⁶ National Institute of Drug Abuse (NIDA) [website](https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/commonly-abused-drugs-charts) at <https://www.drugabuse.gov/drugs-abuse/commonly-abused-drugs-charts>: last visited on 09/21/2017

6) **Opioids** (Heroin; prescription opioids such as: oxycodone [Oxytontin ®], hydrocodone [Vicodin ®], codeine, morphine, fentanyl, etc.)

Known short-term risks of *Heroin* include (but are not limited to) “dry mouth; heavy feeling in the hands and feet; clouded thinking; alternate wakeful and drowsy states;” and slowed breathing and heart rate. Long-term risks include collapsed veins, abscesses, heart lining and valve infection, liver and kidney disease, and pneumonia.

Known short-term risks of *prescription opioids* include (but are not limited to) nausea, constipation, confusion, slowed breathing, and death.

7) **Over-the-Counter Cough/Cold Medicines** (also known as *Dextromethorphan* or *DXM* [Robotripping, Robo, Triple C], *promethazine-codeine cough syrup*)

Known short-term risks include (but are not limited to) “slurred speech; increased heart rate, blood pressure, temperature; numbness; dizziness; nausea; vomiting; confusion; paranoia; altered visual perceptions; problems with movement; [and] buildup of excess acid in body fluids.” Additionally, promethazine-codeine cough syrup depresses the central nervous system which can lead to slowing or stopping the heart and lungs.

8) **Steroids** (*Anabolic steroids*, also known as Nandrolone [Oxandrin ®], oxandrolone [Anadrol ®], stanozolol [Durabolin ®] Testosterone Cypionate [Depo-Testosterone ®], roids, juice, gym candy, pumpers)

Short-term risks include (but are not limited to) “headache, acne, fluid retention,” injection-site infection, yellowing skin and whites of the eyes. Long-term risks include “kidney damage or failure; liver damage; high blood pressure; enlarged heart, or changes in cholesterol leading to increased risk of stroke or heart attack, even in young people; aggression; extreme mood swings;” and impaired judgement.

9) **Stimulants** (*cocaine* [also known as: blow, bump, C, candy, Charlie, coke, crack, flake, rock, snow, toot]; amphetamine; & *methamphetamine* [also known as: crank, chalk, crystal, fire, glass, go fast, ice, meth, speed, Desoxyn ®])

Known short-term risks of *cocaine* include (but are not limited to) narrowed blood vessels; “increased body temperature, heart rate, and blood pressure; headache; abdominal pain and nausea;” insomnia; anxiety; “erratic and violent behavior; panic attacks; paranoia; psychosis; heart rhythm problems; heart attack; stroke; seizure; [and] coma.” Long-term risks include “loss of sense of smell, nosebleeds, nasal damage and trouble swallowing from snorting; infection and death of bowel tissue from decreased blood flow; poor nutrition and weight loss from decreased appetite.”

Known short-term risks of *methamphetamine* include (but are not limited to) “increased wakefulness and physical activity; decreased appetite; increased breathing, heart rate, blood pressure, and temperature; [and] irregular heartbeat.” Long-term risks include anxiety, mood problems, violent behavior, delusions, severe dental problems, and skin sores from scratching.

b. Alcohol Abuse

Binge drinking is a pattern in which a person consumes 4-5 alcoholic drinks in a short period of time.⁷ Alcohol Use Disorder or Alcoholism result from a continued pattern of drinking alcoholic beverages, dependence on alcohol, and disregard for consequences of alcohol intoxication.⁸

Known risks for binge drinking and/or alcoholism include (but are not limited to) disruption of mood; change in behavior; inability to think clearly; decreased coordination; heart problems, including stroke, arrhythmias, and high blood pressure; liver inflammation and other liver complications; dangerous pancreas inflammation; increased risk of mouth, esophagus, throat, liver, and breast cancer; and weakened immune system.⁹

4. Drug and Alcohol Programs

a. Employees

The following programs are available for employees at LCC:

Access to an Employee Assistance Program. Information regarding this program is available here:

http://www.lcc.edu/hr/employee_benefits/Employee-Assistance-Program/LCC%20-%20EAP%20Flyer.pdf

Substance abuse needs may be covered by an employee's medical benefits.

General substance/alcohol abuse information available on the LCC Counseling website:

http://www.lcc.edu/counseling/Online_MH_Resources/Acohol_OtherDrugs.aspx

⁷ College Drinking Prevention [website](http://www.collegedrinkingprevention.gov/media/collegedrinkingFactSheet.pdf) at www.collegedrinkingprevention.gov/media/collegedrinkingFactSheet.pdf: last visited on 09/21/2017

⁸ National Institute of Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism [website](https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/overview-alcohol-consumption/alcohol-use-disorders) at <https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/overview-alcohol-consumption/alcohol-use-disorders>: last visited on 09/21/2017

⁹ NIAAA [website](https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/alcohols-effects-body) at <https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/alcohols-effects-body>: last visited on 09/21/2017

b. Currently Enrolled Students

The following programs are available to currently enrolled students at LCC:

Ongoing awareness regarding available substance abuse counseling (via the LCC Counseling website) at:

<http://www.lcc.edu/supportservices/counseling/>

Ongoing classroom presentations by counselors and police officers to students about substance and alcohol abuse prevention.

Individual counseling by LCC counselors for students who need assistance with substance and alcohol abuse issues.

Informational booths and tables focused on awareness of substance and alcohol abuse at student events such as Welcome Week and Campus Resource Fair Events.

Substance Abuse Awareness Week: counselors discuss and distribute relevant information relating to drug and alcohol abuse.

Informational booth on substance and alcohol use, abuse prevention, and administration of a student drug/alcohol survey.

Ongoing awareness and enforcement of The Student Athlete Drug Testing Program.

General ongoing resources regarding substance/alcohol abuse treatment, support, education and screenings (via the LCC Counseling website) at:

http://www.lcc.edu/counseling/Online_MH_Resources/Acohol_OtherDrugs.aspx

A free year-round screening program to assess at-risk alcohol and substance use (via the LCC Counseling website) at:

<https://www.lcc.edu/supportservices/counseling/screening/>

Brochures on underage drinking, drunk driving consequences and drug use/abuse available to students in multiple campus offices. Underage drinking and drunk driving brochures are also available in Arabic and Spanish.

Public Service Announcements on LCC Radio 89.7FM WLNZ regarding alcohol awareness.

5. Disciplinary Sanctions

a. Employees

Section IV of the current Drug Free Workplace Policy states:

“As required by the Drug Free Workplace Act, any employee found to be in

violation of the above prohibition shall be subject to (1) mandatory participation in drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program as a condition of continued employment; and/or (2) disciplinary action, up to and including discharge or dismissal. Furthermore, as a condition of continued employment, any employee who is convicted for a violation of any state or federal criminal statute involving manufacture, distribution, dispensation, use, or possession of any controlled substance in the workplace shall notify the Executive Director of Human Resources of the conviction no later than five (5) days after such conviction. The Executive Director of Human Resources shall report the conviction as required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act. Failure to timely report such conviction shall subject an employee to disciplinary action, up to and including discharge. Any employee who is convicted as described above may be subject to (1) participation in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program as a condition of continued employment; and/or (2) disciplinary action, up to and including discharge."

b. Currently Enrolled Students

Violations of the Student Code of Conduct are taken very seriously. When a currently enrolled student violates the student Code of Conduct, the following language in Article IV (B)(1)(a-j) of the current Student Code of Conduct applies. It states:

"In cases of noncompliance with the Student General Rules or a violation of the Student Code of Conduct, the College will impose discipline that is consistent with the impact of the offense on the College community. Progressive discipline principles will be followed in that the student's prior discipline history at the College will be taken into account. Disciplinary action taken against a student may include, but is not limited to, one or more of the following:

- a. Written Warning – A notice in writing to the student that the student is violating or has violated institutional regulations and a copy of the warning letter is placed in the student's disciplinary file.
- b. Probation – A written reprimand for violation of specified regulations. Probation is for a designated period of time and includes the probability of more severe disciplinary sanctions if the student is found to violate any institutional regulation(s) during the probationary period.
- c. Loss of Privileges – Denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time.
- d. Restitution – Compensation for loss, damage, or injury. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary or material replacement.
- e. Discretionary Sanctions – Work assignments, essays, service to the College, Community Service or other related discretionary assignments.
- f. College no contact orders – Between the accused student and the complainant or witnesses (when appropriate).

g. College Suspension – Separation of the student from the College for a definite period of time (usually a year or less) after which the student is eligible to return. Conditions for readmission may be specified. Suspensions may be effective immediately or deferred.

h. College Dismissal – Separation of the student from the College for a year or more. The student may be eligible for return. Conditions for readmission may be specified. Dismissals will be effective immediately.

i. College Expulsion – Separation of the student from the College permanently. Expulsions will be effective immediately.

j. Revocation of Admission and/or Degree – Admission to or a degree awarded from the College may be revoked for fraud, misrepresentation, or other violation of College standards in obtaining the degree, or for other serious violations committed by a student prior to graduation.”

Sanctions are administered on a case by case basis, taking into consideration the unique facts and/or mitigating or aggravating circumstances presented. The ultimate goal of the sanctions is to reinforce LCC’s commitment to a positive and safe learning environment consistent with acceptable social standards, and in accordance with federal, state and local laws. To achieve this goal, one or more of the sanctions listed above may be assigned.

Furthermore, when applicable, the Office of Student Compliance will work closely with the LCC Police Department when a student has also violated the law. LCC Police Department will seek prosecution of drug and alcohol related offenses that occur on the college campus and involve currently enrolled students when warranted.

6. Annual Notification of the DAAPP and Biennial Report

a. Employee Notification

Notification of the information contained in the DAAPP will be distributed to all current employees of the college via email and through the College Portal on or before October 1st of each year.

b. Student Notification

Notification of the information contained in the DAAPP will be distributed to all currently enrolled students via email and through the College Portal on or before October 1st of each year.

7. Oversight Responsibility

The Dean of Student Affairs shall have oversight responsibility of the DAAPP including, but not limited to: updates, coordination of information required in the DAAPP, and coordination of the annual notification to employees and students.

K. Board of Trustees Nondiscrimination Policy

Lansing Community College is committed to maintaining a fair and respectful environment for work and study and to protect students, applicants for admission, employees, and applicants for employment from prohibited discrimination or harassment, consistent with federal, state, and local law, other policies adopted by the Board of Trustees, and rules and standards of conduct adopted by the College.

The College's Prohibited Discrimination and Harassment Policy applies to all students, employees, staff, faculty, supervisors, administrators, officials, volunteers, guests, vendors, contractors, and visitors to campus. The Policy applies to all College programs and activities, including all academic, educational, extracurricular, athletic, social, and other programs and activities related to the College. Application of the Policy is not limited to the College's campuses, or to facilities or premises at which any College-related programs or activities occur.

The College prohibits any member of the College Community (including students, employees, staff, faculty, supervisors, administrators, officials, volunteers, guests, vendors, contractors, and visitors) from discriminating against or harassing any other member of the College Community on the basis of the member's race, color, sex, age, religion or creed, national origin or ancestry, familial status, disability, marital status, height, weight, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, genetic information, veteran or military status, or any other factor prohibited by law. Prohibited discrimination occurs when one of these factors is the basis for treating a person worse than other people who are "similarly situated."

A copy of the Board's Nondiscrimination Policy can be found here:

www.lcc.edu/discrimination/sexual_misconduct/

L. Sexual Misconduct

As a recipient of federal funds, the College is required to comply with Title IX of the Higher Education Amendments of 1972 ("Title IX") which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities. Sexual misconduct is a broad term which encompasses all forms of sex/gender discrimination prohibited by Title IX. Sexual misconduct includes: sexual harassment, sexual exploitation, nonconsensual sexual contact and nonconsensual sexual intercourse. Sexual assault, domestic/dating violence and stalking are all prohibited behaviors that are included under categories of sexual misconduct. (See section 1, a-d below) The College is committed to providing programs, activities and an educational environment free from sex and gender discrimination.

LCC has designated two individuals as Title IX Coordinators: the Employee Title IX Coordinator and the Student Title IX Coordinator.

LCC's Title IX Coordinators are responsible for ensuring that LCC remains in compliance with the law and federal regulations for their respective areas. As such, coordinators share appropriate information between departments and, at times, may conduct joint investigations when necessary. Policies and procedures are reviewed by both coordinators. Best practices, educational opportunities, and required programming are shared between the coordinators.

Specific information regarding the Employee Title IX Grievance Process can be viewed at: www.lcc.edu/discrimination/sexual_misconduct/employee.aspx. This process is

consistent with the negotiated investigatory steps and disciplinary outcomes in the College's six collective bargaining agreements.

Specific information regarding the Student Title IX Grievance Process can be viewed at: http://www.lcc.edu/discrimination/sexual_misconduct/student.aspx. This process is consistent with national best practices and requirements under federal law, and includes a prompt, fair and equitable process (from the initial investigation to the final result). All participants in the Student Title IX Grievance Process are required to receive regular and ongoing relevant training to ensure and protect the safety of victims and promote integrity and accountability within the process.

As a public institution, LCC must provide an equitable process to both a complainant and a respondent. This includes conducting a prompt and impartial investigation and resolution. For example, both the complainant and the respondent must have the same opportunities to present information/witnesses during the process and will be allowed the opportunity to select and be accompanied by an advisor of their choice at any meeting or proceeding relating to the charge(s). However, the role of the advisor will be limited within the process. In addition, both the complainant and the respondent will be simultaneously informed of the final outcome of any institutional disciplinary proceeding involving sexual misconduct, including any specific sanction imposed against the respondent that is reasonably related to the complainant.

The standard of review required for all sexual misconduct cases is the "preponderance of the evidence" standard. In other words, "whether more likely than not" a responding person has engaged in sexual misconduct.

If a responding person is determined to have violated an LCC policy, the possible disciplinary action and sanctions following a disciplinary hearing regarding forcible and non-forcible sex offenses may include a discretionary sanction, probation, suspension, dismissal, or expulsion, based on the facts and the circumstances. Both parties may appeal the decision of the panel for specific reasons.

When a student is the alleged victim of sexual misconduct, the Student Title IX Coordinator will ensure that the College appropriately assists the student with any identified needs.

LCC will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in Section 16 of Title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding, including any sanctions related to the complainant, if any, conducted by LCC against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such alleged victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this paragraph.

In addition, LCC is also required and committed to upholding the First Amendment of the United States Constitution and to uphold all other constitutional protections for all of its students. Compliance with the provisions of VAWA and the Campus SaVE Act does not constitute a violation of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act¹⁰ commonly known as the Family Educational Right and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA).

1. Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking¹¹

LCC prohibits the crimes of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. These terms are defined as follows:

a. Sexual assault

Nonconsensual penetration (no matter how slight) of the vagina, anus or any body part or object; oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, and includes any gender of victim or perpetrator. Physical resistance by the victim is not required to show lack of consent.¹²

In addition, sexual assaults may include, but is not limited to: sex assaults with a victim who is mentally incapable, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless; penetration involving threats or coercion and sexual contact.¹³

¹⁰ 20 USC 1232g

On March 7, 2013 President Obama signed the "Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013" (VAWA). The information contained within this section (in addition to other various sections of this ASR) is LCC's intent to comply with the final regulations published by the Department of Education-Office of Civil Rights on October 20, 2014.

¹¹ 34 USC 12291(a)(29); UCR NIBRS

¹² MCL 750.520b

¹³ MCL 750.520c

b. Domestic violence

"Domestic violence" means violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse.

This behavior may include assaults or an assault and battery of a person's spouse or former spouse or an individual with whom he or she has had a child in common, or is a resident or former resident of his or her household.¹⁴

c. Dating violence

"Dating violence" means a pattern of assaultive and/or controlling behaviors that one person uses against an individual with whom he or she has a dating relationship or has a child in common, in order to gain or maintain power and control in the relationship. The behavior intentionally causes fear, degradation and humiliation to control the victim. Forms of abuse may include, but is not limited to: physical, sexual, emotional and psychological.¹⁵

In determining whether or not a dating relationship exists, the length of the relationship, the type of relationship (primarily characterized by the expectation of affectional involvement) and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship will be considered.¹⁶

d. Stalking

"Stalking" means a pattern of behavior made up of a series of two or more separate non-continuous acts which shares the same purpose, and causes a reasonable person to feel emotionally distressed, terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed or molested, and that actually causes the

victim to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed or molested. Cyber stalking is a form of stalking that is accomplished through electronic communications (e.g., email, discussion boards, or social media).¹⁷

e. Consent

"Consent" means words or actions that show a knowing and voluntary agreement to engage in mutually agreed-upon sexual activity. Effective consent cannot be gained by force, by ignoring or acting in spite of the objections of another, or by taking advantage of the incapacitation of another, where the accused student knows or reasonably should have known of such incapacitation.

Effective consent is also absent when the activity in question exceeds the scope of effective consent previously given. In addition, for the purposes of criminal sexual conduct, in Michigan, a person under the age of 16 cannot give "effective consent."¹⁸

¹⁴ 34 USC 12291(a)(8)

¹⁵ MCL 750.81

¹⁶ 34 USC 12291(a)(9-10)

¹⁷ 34 USC 12291(a)(30); MCLA 750.411h

¹⁸ MCL 750.520d(1)(a) states that a person is guilty of third-degree criminal sexual conduct if the person engages in sexual penetration with another person and that person is at least thirteen but younger than sixteen years old. Accordingly, a thirteen-year-old child cannot legally consent to sexual penetration with another person because sexual penetration of a thirteen-year-old child is automatically third-degree criminal sexual conduct. *People v. Starks*, 473 Mich 227.

2. Campus Programming

LCC coordinates Campus-wide Compliance and Programming efforts (CCP) among areas including the LCC Police Department, Counseling, Center for Student Access, Dean of Student Affairs, Student Compliance, Women's Resource Center/Returning Adult Program, Human Resources, Student Life, Marketing, The Early College (TEC) and the High School Diploma Completion Initiative (HSDCI).

CCP identifies and coordinates the campuswide effort to provide programming. These programming efforts include, but are not limited to:

a. Awareness programs

"Awareness programs" refers to programs, campaigns, or initiatives that increase audience knowledge of the issues of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking and share information and resources to prevent interpersonal violence, promote safety, and reduce perpetration.

Awareness month campaigns, informational online or poster campaigns, resource websites, and educational programming for students, faculty, and staff that focus on sharing resources and information about these issues are some examples of LCC's awareness programs. In 2016, LCC programming included 66 awareness programs.

b. Bystander intervention

The term “bystander intervention” refers to safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene in situations of potential harm when there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Safe and positive options for bystander intervention are included in the student handbook and in educational programming for students, faculty, and staff. In 2016, LCC programming included 9 bystander intervention events.

c. Ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns

“Ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns” refers to campaigns that are sustained over time focusing on increasing awareness or understanding of topics relevant to sexual assault, domestic/dating violence and stalking. These programs occur at different levels throughout the institution (ie. Faculty/staff, athletics, incoming students) and utilizes a range of strategies.

Some examples of LCC’s ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns include pamphlets and handouts about what constitutes sexual assault, dating violence, domestic abuse, consent, and stalking; presentation at the athletic orientation; and other discussions with various audiences. In 2016, LCC programming included 59 ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns.

d. Primary prevention programs

“Primary prevention” refers to programming, initiatives and strategies intended to stop domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking before it occurs to prevent initial perpetration or victimization through the promotion of positive and healthy behaviors and beliefs.

LCC’s primary prevention programs include the Centre for Engaged Inclusion (The Centre) and the building of overall values and awareness. The Centre offers ongoing programming open to students, faculty, and staff. Primary prevention information is also provided at new student orientation and within the required online employee training. In 2016, LCC programming included 10 primary prevention programs.

e. Risk reduction

“Risk reduction” refers to approaches that seek to mitigate risk factors that may increase the likelihood of perpetration, victimization, or bystander inaction.

Risk reduction efforts at LCC include, but are not limited to: general crime prevention education, campus escort programs, and awareness of LCC’s Behavior Intervention Team (BIT). In 2016, LCC programming included 6 risk reduction approaches.

f. 2016 Campus Programming

Lansing Community College programming for the 2016 calendar year included over 69 events relating to DFSCA, DAAPP, Title IX, VAWA, Campus SaVE,

Behavior Intervention Teams, and Clery reporting. Note that ongoing campaigns such as websites, pamphlets, and posters are counted as one event, but available continuously and publicized at numerous events. Additionally, this does not include the 43 stalking, 84 domestic violence, 73 alcohol, 112 mental health, and 76 bullying focused PSAs broadcasted by the LCC radio station throughout the year.

Number of Events	Related to
17	DFSCA
16	DAAPP
66	Title IX
65	VAWA
67	SaVe
61	Clery
61	Mental Health

Topic Covered	Number of Events
Alcohol	9
Drugs	8
Domestic Violence	65
Stalking	65
Sexual Assault/Harassment	65
Title IX	66
Mental Health	61

Audience	Number of events
New Students	65
All Students	10
Staff	11
Faculty	11
Administrators	13
Community Members	4

3. Responding to Sex Offenses

Under federal law, LCC is required to have grievance procedures that appropriately addresses complaints regarding sexual misconduct when reported to the institution.

The grievance/complaint process used when an employee is the respondent can be found at this webpage:
www.lcc.edu/discrimination/sexual_misconduct/employee.aspx.

The grievance/complaint process used when a student is the respondent can be found at this webpage:
www.lcc.edu/discrimination/sexual_misconduct/student.aspx.

Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. LCC encourages assault victims to timely report sexual assault to either a Title IX Coordinator or LCC Police and Public Safety.

Filing a police report with an LCC PD officer will not obligate the alleged victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the alleged victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers. Filing a police report will:

- Ensure that an alleged victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests;

- Provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later (ideally an alleged victim of sexual assault should not wash, douche, use the toilet, or change clothing prior to a medical/legal exam);

- Assure that the alleged victim has access to free confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention.

When a sexual assault complainant contacts LCC PD, other College officials (such as

the Employee Title IX Coordinator or the Student Title IX Coordinator) may be contacted to ensure compliance with federal law, when appropriate, to assist the alleged victim and/or provide information regarding the College's grievance procedures.

The alleged victim of a sexual assault has the right to determine which type of investigation they wish to pursue (criminal or administrative). A Title IX Coordinator (or an advocate/representative chosen by the victim) will guide the victim through the available options and support the victim in his or her decision. Counseling options are available from LCC through the Counseling Department or the Women's Resource Center.

Counseling and support services outside the LCC system can be obtained from:

SAFE Center (St. Johns, MI) – (877) 952-7283

Listening Ear Crisis Center (East Lansing, MI) – (517) 337-1717

National Domestic Violence Hotline – (800) 799-7233

Loveisrespect.org – text loveis to 22522 or call (866) 331-9474

MSU Sexual Assault Crisis Hotline – (517) 372-6666

EVE, Inc. – (517) 372-5572

CARE – (517) 272-7436

Women's Center of Greater Lansing – (517) 372-9163

Lansing Community College Police and Public Safety – (517) 483-1800

4. Sex Offender Registration Information

In accordance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, (which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act), the Clery Act, and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), the LCC PD is providing a link to the Michigan Public Sex Offender Registry (PSOR) below. This act requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement information provided by a State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a state to provide notice of each institution of higher education in the state at which the person is employed, carries a vocation, or is a student. In the State of Michigan, convicted sex offenders must register with the Sex Offender Registration Act maintained by the Michigan State Police.

The Sex Offenders Registration Act (SOR) for violent sex offenders is available via internet and may be found at:

<http://www.mipsor.state.mi.us/>

Registry information provided under this section shall be used for the purpose of the administration of criminal justice, screening of current or prospective employees, volunteers or otherwise for the protection of the public in general and children in particular.

M. Drills and Exercises

Date	Campus	Building	Time	Drill Type	Completed
Thur Jan 14 2016	North	North	1300	Lock Down	Yes
Wed Feb 10 2016	North	North	1430	Lock Down	Yes
Fri March 4 2016	Downtown	AOF	920	Shelter	Yes
Fri March 11 2016	North	North	1300	Shelter	Yes
Thurs March 17 2016	Livingston	Parker	1336	Fire	Yes
Thurs March 24 2016	North	North	1000	Fire	Yes
Thurs April 7 2016	Livingston	Parker	932	Shelter	Yes
Tues April 12 2016	Livingston	Parker	1336	Fire	Yes
Mon April 18 2016	Mason	Aviation	900	Fire	Yes
Mon April 18 2016	Downtown	Dart	1400	Fire	Yes
Tues April 19 2016	North	North	1300	Fire	Yes
Tues May 3	North	North	830	Shelter	Yes
Tues September 13 2016	Livingston	Parker	835	Fire	Yes
Thurs September 22 2016	Livingston	Parker	1012	Fire	Yes
Mon September 26 2016	Livingston	Parker	1328	Shelter	Yes

Date	Campus	Building	Time	Drill Type	Completed
Wed October 5 2016	North	North	830	Fire	Yes
Wed October 5 2016	Livingston	Parker	1238	Fire	Yes
Mon October 10 2016	Livingston	Parker	742	Lock Down	Yes
Wed October 19 2016	North	North	1300	Fire	Yes
Tues October 25 2016	North	North	830	Lock Down	Yes

II. LCC Crime Statistics

Lansing Community College does not unfound Police Reports; therefore, no unfounded crimes have been withheld from the following statistics.

The LCC Crime Statistics are also available on the College's website at:

www.lcc.edu/police/crime_information/crime_statistics.aspx

A. Clery Report – Main Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	2	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	1
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	30	37	14

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0	1
Arson	0	0	0
Stalking	NA	6	2
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	1
Dating Violence	NA	NA	2

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	2
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	5
Aggravated Assault	0	0	10
Burglary	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	8
Arson	0	0	1
Stalking	NA	0	3
Domestic Violence	NA	0	7
Dating Violence	NA	0	2

3. Hate Crimes On Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	2
Drug Abuse Violations	4	9	1
Liquor Law Violations	0	2	1

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	2	2	0
Drug Abuse Violations	23	6	5
Liquor Law Violations	7	10	9

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	2	3	4
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

B. Clery Report - West Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	2
Burglary	4	2	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Stalking	NA	0	0
Domestic Violence	NA	0	0
Dating Violence	NA	0	0

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Stalking	NA	0	0
Domestic Violence	NA	0	0
Dating Violence	NA	0	0

3. Hate Crimes on Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2015 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2015					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage / Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2014 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2014					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations	0	0	0

C. Clery Report - East Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

3. Hate Crimes on Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

D. Clery Report - North Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

3. Hate Crimes on Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

E. Clery Report – Mason Airport Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

3. Hate Crimes on Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

F. Clery Report - Livingston Campus

1. Criminal Offenses On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

2. Criminal Offenses On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Negligent Manslaughter	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	NA	NA	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	NA	NA	0
Robbery	NA	NA	0
Aggravated Assault	NA	NA	0
Burglary	NA	NA	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	NA	NA	0
Arson	NA	NA	0
Stalking	NA	NA	0
Domestic Violence	NA	NA	0
Dating Violence	NA	NA	0

3. Hate Crimes on Campus

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/damage/vandalism of property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Hate Crimes On Public Property

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offences: Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Criminal Offense	2016 Total	Category of Bias for Crimes Reported in 2016					
		Race	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Gender	Disability	Ethnicity/ National Origin
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Larceny - Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/ Vandalism of Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

5. Arrests on Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

6. Arrests on Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0

7. Disciplinary Actions On Campus

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0

Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0
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8. Disciplinary Actions On Public Property

Criminal Offense	Total Occurrences on Campus		
	2014	2015	2016
Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, etc.	NA	NA	0
Drug Abuse Violations	NA	NA	0
Liquor Law Violations	NA	NA	0